



VOLUME CXXXVI—No. 22.

## The Newport Mercury,

—PUBLISHED BY—

JOHN P. SANBORN,

182 THAMES STREET.

NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1768, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-sixth year. It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is the only newspaper weekly of fifty thousand circulation, and is the only daily newspaper in Rhode Island, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other states, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to the consumer.—Subscription rates, \$10 a year in advance. Single copies can always be obtained at the office of publication and at the various news rooms in the city.

Specimen copies free, and special rates given advertisers by addressing the publisher.

Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

MR. MARYMAN GREENE COUNCIL No. 6, Order United American Mechanics; George S. Stoddard, Councillor; Daniel P. Hall, Recording Secretary; meets every Monday evening.

EXECUTIVE LODGE No. 41, O. O. F., William Atlee, Noble Grand; Wm. H. Roone, Secretary; meets every Tuesday evening.

MALIBU LODGE No. 32, N. E. O. F., Frank G. Scott, Warden; James H. Goddard, Rec. Secy.; meets 1st and 3d Wednesday evenings in each month.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. K. McMahan, President; J. H. Hester, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.

OUR LADY, No. 3, A. O. U. W., Geo. H. Wilbur, Master Workman; Geo. A. Pritchard, Recorder; meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings.

PROSPECTIVE LODGE, No. 32, H. H., Director, Andrew Jackson, Deputy; C. H. Chase; meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings.

RAVEN LODGE No. 11, K. R. P., William H. Langley, Chancellor Commander; Herbert L. Marsh, Keeper of Records and Seal; meets every Friday evening.

DAVIS DIVISION No. 8, U. R. K. of U., Sir Knight Captain, John H. Wetherell; Daniel P. Hall, Recorder; meets last Friday evening in each month.

### TWO WEDDINGS.

#### Brayton-Mariland.

A very quiet wedding was celebrated at the Smith Parsonage on Kay street Monday afternoon, when Mr. Nathan H. Brayton and Miss Catherine Mariland were married by Rev. Dr. Cutler. After a brief wedding tour, Mr. and Mrs. Brayton will take up their residence at the Brayton House on Pelham street. They will be "At Home" Tuesday after November 21.

#### Scot-Ashurst.

Monday evening at the residence of Rev. H. H. Parker, rector of Emmanuel church, Mr. Elbridge J. Scott of this city and Mrs. Mabel Ashton of Ryde, H. I., were united in marriage. After the ceremony a reception was held at the future home of the newly wedded pair on Cross street, at which only the families and most intimate friends of the bride and groom were present. Tuesday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Scott were "At Home" to all their friends, a number of whom assembled to offer congratulations and best wishes.

#### "Bill the Brute", at Liberty.

William Stetson, the man of many aliases, the most familiar of which is "Bill the Brute," was languishing in Newport jail last Saturday afternoon. The warrant on which he was arrested charges

Thomas Williams, alias William Blatton, alias Clarke, alias Parker, alias "Bill the Brute" with the burglary of the John W. Ellis villa and the taking therefrom certain specified articles of jewelry valued at \$1,600 altogether. He was arraigned before Judge Baker Saturday morning and, pleading not guilty, was held for examination Tuesday, November 21. Judge Baker not having the power to fix bail, Stetson was taken to the jail in the afternoon. Monday bail was fixed at \$1,600 and Constant Smith, backed by the prisoner's brother, going his bail, he was released on promising to return to Newport for the preliminary hearing November 21.

#### Yacht Transfers.

Mr. Nathaniel Thayor, of this city and Boston, has sold the schooner yacht Ambassadress to Mr. Richard T. Green, to be used, it is understood, for the West Indian trade.

Mr. Harry F. Lippitt, of Providence, owner of the sloop yacht Marquette, which he purchased of Mr. August Belmont, has bought Rear Commodore Archibald Rogers' famous 48-foot racing sloop *Waif*. This will be a valuable addition to the fleet of the Rhode Island Yacht Club.

Louis Croughan, a twelve-year-old lad, entered the Opera House through a transom over the door and stole a tin box containing 150 tickets and a stamp for marking dates thereon. The affair was placed in the hands of Detective Richards who was not long in finding the young thief and locking him up. The tickets, etc., were recovered, and Major Bull refusing to prosecute, the culprit was allowed to go free Tuesday morning.

Thursday this young gentleman, encouraged no doubt by the way he was let out of this scrape, was once more before the police, this time charged with stealing thirty-six bottles of beer from Mr. T. J. Lyons' bottling establishment. Whether he plead guilty or not is not known, but Mr. Lyons and the boy's father settled the matter and Louis was again allowed to depart for other fields.

The Newport Sanitary Association has passed the following resolutions of respect, incident to the death of Dr. Charles H. Fisher, Secretary of the State Board of Health:

Resolved, That by the recent death of Dr. Charles H. Fisher, for many years Secretary of State Board of Health, the Newport Sanitary Protection Association has been deprived of a friend who, from its organization in 1873, has been constant in his interest in its proceedings, and who aided it in carrying forward the work of this city.

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolution be forwarded to the Chairman of the State Board of Health, and with the sympathy of the association, to the family of the deceased.

#### H. G. MACKAYE M.D.

Secretary N. S. P. A.

At the annual convention of the Women's Auxiliary of the Episcopal church of Rhode Island held at Stephen's church, Providence, on Tuesday, Mrs. E. H. Porter represented Emmanuel church of this city. She was elected one of the vice presidents of the convention.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Central Baptist church gave a harvest supper in the vestry of the church Wednesday evening, followed by a social entertainment.

Judge Douglas has been domiciled at the home of Alfred Smith their cottage on Bellevue avenue known as the "Teak Villa" to George B. deForest, Esq., of New York for the season of 1894.

The middle counties in England were visited on Monday by a snow storm. The Democrats of Massachusetts, New York and Pawtucket probably think that some parts of America were also visited by a snow storm on Tuesday.

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Whipple & Derby have rented for the heirs of Alfred Smith their cottage on Bellevue avenue known as the "Teak Villa" to George B. deForest, Esq., of New York for the season of 1894.

The members of the Onward Society of the Thames street M. E. church gave a Harvest Supper in the vestry of the church Tuesday evening. After supper Rev. H. B. Cady gave a stereoptican exhibition.

Lewis E. Wright, 18, confesses to setting the big fires in Boston last spring, whereby \$1,000,000 in property and several lives were lost. He has been confined in Westboro for several months.

Bishop Henry C. Potter and Mrs. Potter have started for Constantinople, after which they will visit Rome, returning to New York in January.

Colonel Edward Smith has been confined to his house several days by illness.

The United Congregational School gave a missionary concert Saturday morning at the church Thanksgiving morning at half past ten. Rev. C. G. Gilliat of St. George's church will preach the sermon.

The First Congregational Church of Middletown, Conn., Sunday, commemo- rated its 225th anniversary.

Judge Henry C. Potter and Mrs. Potter have started for Constantinople, after which they will visit Rome, returning to New York in January.

Col. and Mrs. Joseph T. Perry have gone to Hempstead, L. I., for a visit.

### OBITUARY.

#### Mr. Fred A. Daniels.

Mr. Fred A. Daniels died at the Newport Hospital Monday morning after an illness of two months, from cerebro-meningitis. He was a native of Manchester, England. He came to Newport about twelve years ago, where he was correspondent for a number of papers, both local and in other parts of the State. He was a good stenographer and was at one time a teacher of the art. He was also possessed of some musical ability and at different times filled the positions of organ master at St. George's church and of singing master at the Training Station. He leaves a widow. His funeral was solemnized from his wife's residence on Broadway Wednesday afternoon and was attended by Court Wanton, A. O. M. A., of which the deceased was a member. The bearers were Messrs. O. D. Curran, George Beakhurst, John Thomas, Alexander McDougal, William F. Beattie and Thomas B. Wilkinson.

#### Henry S. Fry.

Henry S. Fry died at his residence on William street on Friday of last week, after a long and painful illness. Deceased was for many years the porter in Seabury's shoe store, until forced by illness to give up work. His health was somewhat improved last summer, but about three weeks ago he was stricken with paralysis, from which he never recovered. He leaves a widow, "Bill the Brute" with the burglary of the John W. Ellis villa and the taking therefrom certain specified articles of jewelry valued at \$1,600 altogether. He was arraigned before Judge Baker Saturday morning and, pleading not guilty, was held for examination Tuesday, November 21. Judge Baker not having the power to fix bail, Stetson was taken to the jail in the afternoon. Monday bail was fixed at \$1,600 and Constant Smith, backed by the prisoner's brother, going his bail, he was released on promising to return to Newport for the preliminary hearing November 21.

#### Horace L. Cranford.

Horace L. Cranford, the man of many aliases, the most familiar of which is "Bill the Brute," was languishing in Newport jail last Saturday afternoon. The warrant on which he was arrested charges Thomas Williams, alias William Blatton, alias Clarke, alias Parker, alias "Bill the Brute" with the burglary of the John W. Ellis villa and the taking therefrom certain specified articles of jewelry valued at \$1,600 altogether. It was attended by Canonchet Lodge, 1. O. O. F. and Hope Lodge, K. of H. The bearers were Messrs. N. J. Jackson, C. F. D. Kayerweather and W. H. Arza from the Old Fellows and Messrs. Samuel Ross, Anthony Fisher and Horace O. Riley from Hope Lodge.

#### Charles G. Easton.

News has been received here of the death in Malden, Mass., of Mr. Horace L. Cranford, formerly of this city. Mr. Cranford, who was a brother of George F. and the late William E. Cranford, of this city, had been in poor health for many years and his death from paralysis on Saturday was not entirely unexpected by his friends. He leaves a widow and three children. His funeral was solemnized at his home in Malden Tuesday.

#### Charles G. Easton.

Mr. Charles G. Easton, one of the best known and most highly respected colored citizens of Newport, died at his residence on Loring street Wednesday, after an illness of about a year's duration. Mr. Easton was a native of Newport and, with the exception of twenty years spent in Boston as steward of a club, had always lived here. About eight years ago he purchased the Benj. Burton estate on Loring street, where he has since carried on the grocery business. He was sexton of Emmanuel church until forced by illness to resign his position a few months ago. It is said that Mr. Easton was one of the best informed secret society men in this part of the country. He was a member of a Boston Commandery and Benjamin Gardner Commandery of Masons of this city, and of Plymouth Rock Lodge of Boston and of the Patriarchs of Old Fellows in this city, in both of which Orders he stood high. He was a man of good education and possessed a large circle of warm personal friends. His funeral will take from his late residence tomorrow afternoon.

#### Elizabeth B. Smalley.

News has been received here of the death at Lawrence, Mass., of Mrs. Elizabeth B. Smalley, mother of Mrs. E. P. Fuller. Mrs. Smalley was well known by many Newport people having made her residence in this city during the Rev. Mr. Fuller's pastorate here. Her funeral was solemnized from the Fourth Baptist Church Providence, yesterday afternoon.

#### Sarah M. Bailey.

Sarah M. Bailey, wife of William S. Bailey, died at her residence on Bridge street Tuesday after a long illness. Mrs. Bailey was a daughter of the late David and Martha Champlin, of this city, and a sister of Mrs. N. W. Randall of Pawtucket, Mrs. George H. John W. and Thomas D. Champlin, of this city. She leaves a husband and four children, two sons and two daughters. Her funeral was solemnized yesterday and was attended by a large number of friends.

#### The choral evensong at Trinity church last Sunday evening was a rare musical treat which was heartily appreciated by the large audience present. The trio by Miss Hattie Hayes, Mrs. I. P. Irons and Miss Ruth Peckham was especially pleasing.

The Episcopal Church of this city will hold a union service at Emmanuel church Thanksgiving morning at half past ten. Rev. C. G. Gilliat of St. George's church will preach the sermon.

#### The First Congregational Church of Middletown, Conn., Sunday, commemo- rated its 225th anniversary.

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### NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

#### City Council.

#### CELEBRATIONS FROM HISTORY.

#### Presented by F. C. O. SWAN.

#### Esdras Tents His Tent and Polls Off the Hair of His Head and Beard.

#### Now these things were truly done under the conduct of Esdras, and he succeeded in them, because God esteemed him worthy of the success of his conduct, on account of his goodness and righteousness; but some time afterward there came some persons to him, and they brought an accusation against certain of the multitude, and of the priests and Levites, who had transgressed the laws of their country, by marrying strange wives, and he brought the family of the priests into confusion. These persons desired him to support the law, lest God should take up a general anger against them all, and reduce them to a calamitous condition again. Esdras, however, and dissolved the laws of their country, by marrying strange wives, and put the hair of his head and beard off in all attempts for reformation among Christians, the contrary conduct having ever been the cause of their religion, both in the East and West Indies, which political views, or human passions, or pride, or ambition, are referred to take instead of the divine law, as also the blessings of God is referred to continue from one generation to another.

#### To be continued.

#### Dr. Bull's Latest Achievement.

#### Dr. W. T. Bull has added one more

#### successful operation to his already long

#### list. A twelve-year-old girl in New

#### York, whose nose was entirely de-

#### stroyed by a catarrhal disease, is now

#### in possession of an unexceptional nasal

#### organ, thanks to the skill of this won-

#### derful surgeon. It was thought by her

#### friends, and by the surgical fraternity

#### as well, that nothing could be done for

#### the little lady, but Dr. Bull cut from

#### her forehead a heart-shaped flap of

#### skin and sacrificing the edges of the

#### nose that were left, brought the flap

#### forward, inserted two rolls of oiled cot-

#### ton for materials and sewed the edges

#### of the flap to the skin surrounding the

#### nasal cavity. Nature did the rest in

#### the way of healing, etc., and it is the

#### universal opinion that for skill and the

#### appearance of the nose, this operation

#### has never been equalled.

#### A New Trial.

#### In the case of William Elliot vs. New-

#### port Street Railway, in which plaintiff

#### sues for \$10,000 damages, the appellate

#### division of the supreme court has

#### handed down a decision overruling

#### Judge Douglas and granting Elliot a

#### new trial. It will be remembered that

## Poetry.

The Silent Years.

By ANTHONY W. ATKINSON.

Like aspens among hawthorn trees  
That stand from boughs to their dewy boughs,  
Or rippled over silver seas,  
Swept o'er my soul the silent years.

The fragrance of youth's fairest flowers  
From Memory's garden sweet, they bring;  
While to my heart, past golden hours,  
Hearns, like a sweet salutation, bring;

Beloved ones with you are fed,  
Rare souls of beauty and of grace,  
Like rays of the dawn, lie dead,  
Frost-told in your cold embrace.

One, a dear mother's gentle form;  
And with her, stills and white, we laid  
Another, bright, after noon's pale slate.

And one with golden hair,  
With angel form and sweet, pale face;  
Soft eyes, with heavenly beauty fair,  
Bathed through your golden, misty veil.

Oh, about you, joy and pain,  
For a mother's parting day;  
With you, how many hopes were slain,  
How many joys will you the dead.

Oh, about you, joy and woe,  
Your heart, in falling form, lies own;  
Boo, now, from earth, too, must go;  
To treat you long, dark path alone!

—*Illustrator Courier.*

## No Time To Quarrel.

Life is not long at the best, comit of years,  
Off at its clover is its lot,  
And its twilight rememb'res, through tears,  
Much that it's been, and much that's lost.

But it's a world of things I know,  
It is, when regret won't smite,  
To recall the rash words that made a son  
Of one we had known as a bro'ter.

There's a time to rest, and a time to run—  
To win or to wear the laurel;  
There's a time for most things under the sun,  
But not one moment to quarrel.

Are there no moments available to club,  
A time of diversion to pass over?  
Were it not better to walk through time  
With a will'st's w'nd to cover?

True greatness lies not in poor vanquished  
foe,  
Or the cold your b'rs' b'rs' b'rs;  
But the calm, bright memories goodness  
throws.

Around the life weary spirit,  
There's a time to rest, and a time to run—  
To win or to wear the laurel;

There's a time for most things under the sun,  
But not one moment to quarrel.—*Rockwell Post-Express.*

## Selected Tale.

MY WIFE'S LUCK.

By MIRIAM K. DAVIS.

Like many other people who are very strict in their notions of right and wrong, and would be shocked at the idea of violating any of the laws, my wife delights in gambling. I do not mean to say that she knows anything about the games on which men waste their money, and sometimes their honor and honesty; nor has she even lost or won a penny in speculation; but she will play progressive roulette, she sometimes engages in lottery tickets—I never buy them, since I once spent the amount of a prize which I did not draw—and she buys a ticket in every raffle which is brought to her attention. That is, she has been accustomed, to taking such chances; whether she will do in the future, remains to be seen.

A short time ago, I came home and found her radiant. I did not know the exact cause, but held my peace, feeling sure that I would not long be allowed to remain in ignorance. Nor was I mistaken. After our dinner was over, and the children had gone to bed, she was sitting quietly by my side, and the enlightenment began.

"Harry?" she said, softly.

"Well?" I queried, knowing that a revelation was coming.

"There was a young lady here today—such a pretty lady-like girl."

"Are not the majority of your callers lady-like?" I asked, feeling sure that she was trying to arouse my interest and feed her jealousy at the same time.

"I didn't say that she was a caller," pouted my wife.

"Was she a book agent, then, or a beggar?"

"Nonsense," rejoined my wife, tartly.

"I wish you wouldn't take such delight in teasing me."

I promptly apologized, and hastened to inquire the young lady's object in calling.

She was soliciting subscriptions to help a poor family. The husband is sick and cannot work; the wife is in the hospital, where she has gone to have an operation performed, and there are five children, the oldest a girl of twelve, who does the housework and takes care of the others. Isn't it dreadful, the trouble that some people have?"

"Yes," I replied; "and it's dreadful, too, the way some other people get imposed upon. I hope that you did not give her much money without being sure that she was all right."

"Oh, do let me finish my story!" exclaimed my wife, pettishly; she would have been very indignant if I had not promptly answered her question; what provoked her was the caution which I took on to the reply.

"A Mr. Randolph, who heard of them," she pursued, "investigated the case thoroughly, she said, and when he found that they were really deserving, determined to help them, so he gave them a chance."

"But what is in the world—" I began. "Oh not to keep or to eat, of course—but to sell. It was a horse that he had used in his business, but some changes which he has recently made left him without any particular use for it, and so he gave it to be sold for the benefit of this poor family.—Isn't he good, Harry?"

"Well, before I decide that question, my dear, I should like to see the horse."

"Oh, you're perfectly horrid tonight! what's the matter with you, anyhow? Has everything gone wrong at the office today?"

"Not at all," I made answer; "but you call upon me to admire this gentleman's generosity, and I say that I would like to know the extent of it. But what did your caller want? I hope that you did not agree to buy the horse? When we are able to indulge in such a luxury I should like to have a voice in the selection of the animal."

"The horse isn't for sale," replied my wife, with an air of great disdain, forgetting that she had, not five minutes before, informed me that he was to be sold for the benefit of this indigent family. "he is to be raffled off."

"Oh," I remarked, comprehending perfectly the state of affairs.

"Yes, and I took a chance for myself—it's a dollar, a ticket, and they want to sell a hundred; he's a very cheap horse for a hundred dollars, she said, and I told her that I would speak to you tonight, and maybe you'll buy a ticket. She's coming again tomorrow. Don't you think it would be nice, Harry, to take one yourself, in your own name, I mean, and one for each of the children? with wife, that would only be five dollars, and I'm sure that we ought to do that much for the sake of charity. It's a Christian duty, dear, to help others!"

If I had ventured to suggest that raffles are violations of the anti-lottery laws, so that the patronage of them can scarcely be called a Christian duty, I should have brought down a storm

upon my dearest head, and utterly failed to convince her that she was doing anything but right. So I wisely held my peace on that branch of the subject, and simply remarked.

"There are a great many demands in the name of charity, my love, and I fear that did we give in every case as much as our feelings prompt, we should soon be objects of charity ourselves. Besides, maybe it would be better to let the raffle go, and give what we can directly to the poor people. You might hunt them up, and see what they need most just now, and send them some flour, or coal, or maybe some sugar for the children."

"But I've already bought my ticket," she objected.

"Well, of course, that is done with; but you were asking me to leave four dollars more; that is what I was talking about."

"Well, what a I to tell her when she comes to-morrow? I can't tell her that you won't have anything to do with it; she'll think you are dreadfully mean."

"I don't know that I care very much for her opinion, seeing that I don't know who she is or anything about her—not even her name."

"But I think you are more or less to do what I promised you would," retorted my wife, with even more emphasis than usual, although she generally lays special stress on about every third word.

Without another effort at resistance, I pulled out my pocket-book and counted out the four dollars.

"That settles the business, my dear," I said, summing up all my gallantry to the rescue; "I would not for four million dollars forfeit your good opinion. But do you know anything about this horse? Since there is one chance in twenty that we may own him, I should like to know the particulars."

"He's a bright boy, she said," my wife replied, when she had duly acknowledged this occasion to her wish; "and he's sixteen and a half hands high—that's a pretty big horse, isn't it?"

"Very high," I rejoined.

"Well, she said he was a splendid horse, and I shouldn't wonder if we could trade him off for a pair of ponies that I could drive in a phaeton. Or maybe we could trade him off for one pony and a phaeton. Which costs the horse, Harry, a horse or a vehicle?"

"Well, that depends, my dear. I replied, decidedly at a loss how to answer such a very indefinite question.

"Oh, well, you know what I mean. If you were going to buy me a horse and surrey or phaeton for my own use, which would be the more expensive part of the outfit?"

I rather think that the rig would cost more than such a horse as you would want to drive," I ventured.

"Oh! now you're making fun of me, because I should be afraid to drive a fast horse. But I think that this must be a very spirited animal from the way she described it, and so it would be best for us to sell it or trade it off for a gentler one. Don't you think that we could afford to keep a turnout, Harry, if we get one for nothing?"

"Of course," I replied, "the very first thing."

True to my word, I set off early in the morning for the other side of the town, to inquire over in that part of town, or have time to run up there, I'll stop and take a look at him, I said.

It was a couple of days thereafter that I had a visit from my wife at my office.

"Harry," she began, after she had fully settled herself beside my desk; "it begins at home. We need too many things ourselves to give that much in charity. Why, the parlor curtains are one mass of holes since they came from the cleaner's yesterday; I can't possibly mend them again."

"Where can this horse be seen?" I asked, ignoring the curtain question.

She named a stable on the other side of the town.

"When I am over in that part of town, or have time to run up there, I'll stop and take a look at him, I said.

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"Harry," she began, after she had fully settled herself beside my desk; "it begins at home. We need too many things ourselves to give that much in charity. Why, the parlor curtains are one mass of holes since they came from the cleaner's yesterday; I can't possibly mend them again."

"Where can this horse be seen?" I asked, ignoring the curtain question.

She named a stable on the other side of the town.

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## The Selected.

John F. Haynes, Editor and Proprietor.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, '93.

## EDITORIAL NOTES

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

BY PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

While the American people should every day remember with pride and thanksgiving the divine goodness and mercy which they have shown since their beginning as a nation, it is fitting that we should also remember that we have dedicated to the contemplation of the blessing we have received from the hand of God, and to the grateful acknowledgement of His bountiful goodness.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and proclaim, this 30th day of the present month of November, as a day of thanksgiving and praise, to be kept and observed by all the people of our land. On that day let us forego our ordinary work and occupations, and abstain from all that is not of the nature of a religious nature, and wherefrom we may receive a sense of the presence of God, and may receive the throne of grace. Let the people of our land, and the social meeting of friends, let their voices ring out in the day, and let us all give thanks for the many blessings of our Father, and let us all pray for the welfare of our thanksgiving.

Witness my hand and the seal of the United States which have caused to be hereunto affixed.

Done at the city of Washington on the third day of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-third.

By the President,  
WALTER Q. UXHAM,  
Secretary of State.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY, D. RUSSELL BROWN, GOVERNOR.

In accordance with the custom of our fathers, and the recommendation of the President, I do hereby declare, I do hereby appoint Thursday, Nov. 3, 1893, as a day of thanksgiving and praise.

In the observance of this day our thoughts should not be narrowly confined to the present, nor our gratitude to the past. Rather let us recall the unexampled period of national prosperity and progress culminated by the glorious festival of this memorable year, and if, through the throes of industrial depression, we learn the measure of our responsibility as citizens, we shall then have cause to be thankful for times of trial as for days of plenty.

As citizens of a favored state we have particular cause to rejoice in the continued blessings of life, health and peace, and in freedom from the ravages of famine, pestilence and death.

Thus grateful for the past patient for the present, and with resolve faithful in the future, let us on this day in a manner most befitting consecrate and customs offer to the living Giver of All Good, the thanks of a people that have been the object of His love and mercy by sharing our blessings with the needy and unfortunate.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state to be affixed. Given at Providence, the city of Providence, November the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and of July, the hundred and eighteenth.

D. RUSSELL BROWN.

By the Governor,  
Geo. H. Ulrich, Secretary of State.

The people seem to be inclined to assist the Lord in carrying out one part of Gov. Pennoyer's thanksgiving proclamation. That is to get rid of the present administration.

Wonder what kind of a thanksgiving proclamation President Cleveland would have given us if he had waited till after Tuesday's elections.

The Democratic and Mugwump parties have very little to say about Tuesday's elections. They do not make pleasant reading for them.

The Republicans carried the city of Pawtucket Tuesday and elected Henry E. Tiepke mayor by a majority of 92. The City Council is largely Republican, two members having been chosen for the 5th Ward, the Democratic stronghold.

That a Republican victory gives confidence to the country is amply witnessed by the way values of all securities went up the next day. The rise in the stock market put millions into the pockets of the owners of these securities. Capital is, and always has been, afraid to trust the Democratic party.

The Democratic party say that this great political turnover was caused by hard times and by the great number of people out of employment. Yes, but who caused the hard times, and how came so many people out of employment? It was not so under President Harrison's wise and prudent administration.

On Tuesday November 23rd, the people of this state will be called upon to vote upon the plurality amendment. This amendment provides that "In all elections held by the people for state, city, town, ward or district offices, the person or candidate receiving the largest number of votes cast shall be declared elected." This amendment will undoubtedly receive the support of a great majority of the voters.

Our Democratic friends in trying to explain last Tuesday's elections assign many reasons, none of which cover the case. To those who wish to know the cause is not far to seek. It is simply lack of confidence in Democratic management. The great manufacturing and laboring industries of the country have no confidence in the Democratic tariff ticketers. The money interests of the country have no confidence in Democratic ability to cope with great financial questions. These two things have led to this tremendous and unprecedented uprising of the people.

The experience in this State would lead one to the belief that a Democrat cannot count. The people of this city have had considerable knowledge of their ability in that direction. Now we have an example, on a small scale, in the city of Pawtucket. Alderman O'Reilly counted and did up a package of ballots for mayor and labelled them 60 straight Democratic ballots. On examination it was found that the package contained just 35. The alderman's attention was called to this discrepancy. His only reply was "Any one is liable to make a mistake." When a Democrat cannot count fifty without making a mistake of fifteen he will bear watching.

In Colorado Tuesday the women suffrage amendment was carried by over 4,000 majority. This gives the women the right to vote on all questions the same as men. The gallant miners it is said voted for women suffrage in order to induce the New England spinster to migrate to the silver State. In hopes perhaps that soon after they may be induced to join in the Marriage state.

First Lieutenant Harry S. Nason has been elected captain of the Aquidneck Cycle Club, vice H. Laurence Peckham, resigned.

NO FREE TRADE WANTED.

A Republican Tornado Sweeps the Country.

The people have been heard from. They have spoken in no uncertain tones and the condemnation of the Democratic party and its mismanagement of public affairs has been so pronounced that even the deaf must hear. One year ago the Democratic party swept the country; elected its President and a Democratic Congress by overwhelming majorities. It carried Massachusetts for Governor, swept New York by 40,000, captured Iowa and buried the Republican party in Illinois. The Democratic party has had full control of the nation's administration since last March, during which time the business of the country has been almost entirely ruined. Thousands upon thousands of laboring people have been thrown out of employment and starved to starvation in the face. It is hardly to be wondered at that there has come a revulsion of feeling, but such an overwhelming condemnation was not looked for. Massachusetts has thrown off a Democratic majority last fall for Governor of some 3,000 to a Republican majority at this time of 35,000. New York has wiped out the 40,000 Democratic majority and elected a Republican State ticket by 40,000, choosing a legislature largely Republican, and defeating the notorious Judge Maynard by over 90,000. The McLoughlin gang in Brooklyn is defeated and the Republicans carry the city by good majorities. Iowa is redeemed from Democratic slavery and carried by the Republicans by 19,000, an old time majority, while McKinley comes out of the Oslo contest with an unheard of majority of 50,000. Pennsylvania comes in too with the snug Republican majority of 120,000. The free trade tactics of the Democracy will not be swallowed by the people without a protest. There is no other solution of this unprecedented change of sentiment. The people are not yet ready to abandon the principles which have made us the prosperous and powerful nation we have been in the past. Protection to home industry and protection to home labor has always been the war cry of the Republican party and as long as that party was in power and that policy carried out the country was prosperous. As soon as the industries of the country are mauled then comes wide spread stagnation and suffering. If with this lesson before their eyes the Democratic majority in Congress would pass a resolution not to interfere with the existing tariff during the next four years, there would be an immediate return to prosperity. Will they learn wisdom through defeat?

Not in twenty years has there been so complete and overwhelming a Republican victory as took place last Tuesday. The figures are almost beyond belief and certainly beyond all expectation. Here are some of them: Massachusetts, which for the past three years has elected a Democratic governor, this year gives Greenhalge a majority of 35,000. The legislature will stand, Senate, 33 Republicans, 7 Democrats; House, 183 Republicans, 48 Democrats and 0 to hear from.

New York, which has been solidly Democratic for years, elects a Republican judge by 50,000 majority and the rest of the Republican State ticket by 40,000. The legislature will stand, Senate, Republicans 18, Democrats 13, Independents 1; House, Republicans 75, Democrats 68. Ohio gives McKinley over 80,000 and elects three-fourths of the legislature. Pennsylvania goes Republican by 120,100, Iowa by over 40,000 and so on all along the line. Truly this is an object lesson that any wise man might heed. Whether our Democratic friends have that wisdom time will tell.

Taking the whole Democratic campaign into consideration, says the Taunton Gazette, the most practical argument offered as a panacea for the present and pressing trouble is that of Edward Atkinson and the Boston Herald. Both claim that by using a patent ointment a man can live on stew for \$1 a week. Some snicker man than Atkinson ought to come forward and show a device for picking wind so that these families who cannot go the dollar may use a cheaper substitute. A dollar is beyond the reach of thousands, while the tariff smashers have their hands on the throats of the manufacturers and employers of labor.

According to the reports of the World's Fair managers, out of twenty-two million people who visited the Exposition, only one hundred and fifty-six were arrested for drunkenness. One of the most frequent comments heard from those who attended the Fair was on the absence of intoxicated people and to them the announcement that there were actually 150 such cases will be a great surprise, while to those who stayed at home the wonder is that in such an immense crowd the number of drunkards did not reach 150 a day.

Gov. Pennoyer, the Democratic crank, who rules over the State of Oregon, asks the people of that State to pray for the restoration of silver and for the annihilation of the present National administration. This is sort of a mixed request from a Democratic standpoint and will require more discrimination than most Democrats are apt to put in their prayers.

In Colorado Tuesday the women suffrage amendment was carried by over 4,000 majority. This gives the women the right to vote on all questions the same as men. The gallant miners it is said voted for women suffrage in order to induce the New England spinster to migrate to the silver State. In hopes perhaps that soon after they may be induced to join in the Marriage state.

First Lieutenant Harry S. Nason has been elected captain of the Aquidneck Cycle Club, vice H. Laurence Peckham, resigned.

## A PRETTY STORY.

And Told, Too, in a Most Entertaining Manner.

An Interesting Bit of History of a Lovely Family.

The Strongest Lights and Shadows of Our Home Life.

Mrs. Pauline N. Blakewell, of 740 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich., says: "Three years ago I found myself bordering on nervous prostration. I could neither eat nor sleep. I was under the care and treatment of eminent physicians, but all to no avail.

"Happening to have my attention called to the wonderful restorative effects of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I decided to give it a trial. By the time the first bottle was gone I felt better and was satisfied that it was doing me good. When I had completed the third bottle I felt entirely cured. My appetite was now

impaired with the recent arguments advanced by such prominent republicans as Senator Sherman and ex-Speaker Reed, concerning the condition of the country. At least things are beginning to look that way. He is credited with being responsible for the conservative tariff talk that Senator Voorhees and other democratic leaders have recently indulged in, and your correspondent is told that he is using his influence with the democratic members of the Ways and Means committee to make the new bill conservative. So much for rumors and indications. Now for a fact. Representative Wills says the new bill will be from beginning to end a tariff for revenue only, which means that the duties will be made such as to encourage and increase importation as to bring a large revenue to the government. It will be difficult to imagine a more injurious bill than one framed on those lines. You cannot largely increase importation without largely reducing home production of the same goods, which would mean, of course, less work for Americans. Foreign manufacturers would ask nothing better than a tariff for revenue only.

If some of the southern Senators do

not return to Washington with better feelings towards the administration than they carried away there will surely be an open war before the regular session of Congress grows very old. There is general complaint among democratic Senators and Representatives (privately of course) that the administration treats them with disregard, and many of them left Washington with anger in their hearts because of their failure to see Mr. Cleveland Saturday, although they remained here a day after Congress adjourned for that express purpose. Many of them did not hesitate to say that it was because he expected they would want to see him, he, in company with Secretary Graham and a body guard, spend the day hunting squirrels.

Notwithstanding the general belief

that there will be few appropriations

made for rivers and harbors if there

are any, at the regular session of Con-

gress a portion of the House committee

on Rivers and Harbors will this week

start on a "tour of inspection," which

will include the system of locks and dams the Monongahela river, the govern-

ment works on the Kentucky river, and

the great Kanawha in West Virginia.

In view of the circumstances this "tour

of inspection" is to say the least an unnecessary one.

Mr. Cleveland got only what the republi-

cans help him to get from the extra

session of Congress. He failed to

get the nomination of his friend

Barnblower to the Supreme Court

vacancy confirmed, as well as those of

a lot of small anti-slavery nonbuhlants

federal positions in New York; also

that of Mr. Preston to be Director of

the Mint, and of two collectors of Inter-

national Revenue in North Carolina. Senator Hill is responsible for the failure of Hornblower and the other New York

to get confirmed; alvair men for

the hanging up of Preston's nomination,

and Senator Vance for the failure

of the "farcelets." Two colored men

nominated to diplomatic posts also

failed. One of them—C. H. J. Taylor,

who was nominated Minister to Bolivia

not being acted upon, and the other—H. H. C. Astwood, who was nominated Consul at Catala, France—being

privately rejected.

Col. J. Hampton Hoge, a Virginia

democrat of more or less prominence,

who was early in the extra session

nominated and confirmed Consul at Amoy,

probably wishes that he had

either been more prompt in starting for

his post or had used more discrimination

in deciding between money that

belonged to him and that which should

have been returned to others. Although

he was sworn in and began to draw his

salary as soon as he was confirmed he

showed no disposition to start for China until given a rather sharp hint

from the State Department that it was

high time he did so. When he started for

San Francisco to take the steamer for

China he neglected to settle certain

financial obligations, including money

which he had collected for a Baltimore

collection agency and a small

Washington tailor's bill. This tailor,

who knows a thing or two, besides having

a "pull" concluded that he would

teach the Colonel a needed lesson.

So he went to the State Department

and carried several tales of woes along

with him, and when Col. Hoge got to

San Francisco he found a telegram from

Secretary Graham ordering him to

come to Washington, to meet the charges

which had been filed against him,

and when he gets here who may find

the demand for his resignation too

strong to resist, notwithstanding the

efforts of his Virginia friends to

straighten out financial matters before his arrival. The tailor may be bought off by settling his bill, but the Baltimore friend has placed written evidence, including a fraudulent check, in the hands of Secretary Graham.

In Lawerence, Mass., 45th Inst., James Whittaker, in his 49th year.

In Pawtucket, 4th Inst., Jeanne S. French,

in her 83d year.

In Providence, 5th Inst., James Whittaker, in his 49th year.

In E. Providence, 5th Inst., Peter Donahue, in his 86th year.

In Pawtucket, 5th Inst., James Whittaker, in his 86th year.

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## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Saturday, Nov. 4

The French bourse tax yielded \$418,000 in four months.—A business block at Ashland, Mass., was burned.—Officials were fined and imprisoned for corruption in Passaic county, N. J.—George Donahue fell down stairs at 85 Lenox street, Boston, and broke his neck.—A plan has been set afoot to reorganize the Union Loan and Trust company at Sioux City, Ia.—Marblehead (Mass.) selectmen have offered a reward of \$100 for the conviction of incendiaries.—The depression in the United States has caused the Irishmen mills to run half time.—The cause of the explosion which resulted in the loss of the City of Alexandria is not known.—Two men were killed and one fatally wounded by the explosion of a locomotive boiler at St. Louis.—The British Columbia Gold and Copper company's mill at Vancouver, B. C., was destroyed by fire.—Narcotics' action against foreigners is not aimed against Americans, whose interests are to be protected.—The British steamer Winchester was awarded \$250 for standing by the disabled Munsell for six hours.—It is reported that Clarence King, formerly director of the United States geological survey, is insane.—The warlike activity in Spain is in sharp contrast to her assurances to foreign ministers that the status quo is to be respected in Morocco.—John G. Knudsen, an alleged promising swindler, was arrested by the police of Boston.—An attempt was made to burn the Harvard football grand stand at Hampden park, Springfield, Mass.—Bolts works at Milldale, Conn., were burned; loss, \$75,000.—The collection of standard silver dollars is to be resumed.—The extraordinary session of Congress adjourned. The closing scenes were tame.—The Thanksgiving day proclamation was issued by President Cleveland.—The deficiency in the post-office department finances for the past fiscal year was \$5,177,771.—The nomination of James R. Roosevelt to be secretary of the embassy at London was confirmed.—Lucas broke the record from Queenstown to Sandy Hook.—The cruiser Philadelphia made an unusually quick run from New York to Honolulu.—Obituaries—sentenced to deportation for failure to comply with the Geary law are to be discharged from custody.—Defaulter Weeks was arraigned at New York and given a week to plead.

Sunday, Nov. 5.

Over 300 men responded to a "joke" advertisement at Boston and went through the form of enlisting to serve in the new Brazilian navy.—Skowhegan, Me., has a scarlet fever scare.—Emory A. Lawrence was found guilty of setting fire to the Webster block in Webster, Mass., and sentenced to five years in state prison.—Directors of the failed Plankinton bank of Milwaukee have again been indicted.—Enraged negroes at Marion Court House, S. C., threatened to burn the town.—Nine workmen were drowned by the overturning of a boat in New York harbor.—The cruiser San Francisco discovered a derelict schooner and destroyed it by cutting it in halves with her ram.—Clearwater beat Champion De Oro at pool.—Greenlander beat the two-mile trotting record.—Two deaths resulted from a burglary and an succeeded fire in the suburbs of Chicago.

Monday, Nov. 6.

Rev. Dr. Maxon has resigned the pastorate of the First Baptist church, Boston.—An attempt was made to burn the Indian Street Universalist church in Cambridgeport, Mass.—Rev. E. Edwards, 50th anniversary pastor of the Christian church in Boston was celebrated.—Franklin park, Saugus, Mass., is to be remodeled.—Eight Woburn (Mass.) liquor dealers were summoned into court for alleged violation of law.—Burglars broke into the rifle pavilion at Woburn, Mass., and stole several hundred dollars' worth of property.—Rev. William Ellington of Newport, R. I., retired from the ministry to accept a professorship at Newton (Mass.) Theological seminary.—There was a catastrophe at Santander, Spain, caused by an explosion of dynamite on a steamer. About 50 persons are reported killed.—A powder magazine belonging to insurgents at Rio Janeiro exploded near a party of British man-of-war men, killing four men.—Spain's exchequer is too low to call out the three-year men for duty in Melilla.—The relations between Germany and Russia are not likely to result in a commercial treaty soon.—Norway's union with Sweden was celebrated at Christiansand. King Oscar spoke on the blessings of the union.—A young woman from Detroit masqueraded in Cleveland as Kate Field, the well-known newspaper writer.—Three experts on insanity examined Pronger, but declined to make known the result.—Ben Hardey-Hickey is to found a new kingdom in the South Atlantic.—Chairman Springer is preparing a banking system bill.

Tuesday, Nov. 7.

Jews have been expelled from Melilla by the Spaniards.—R. E. Preston was sworn in as director of the mint.—The Winthrop (N. H.) mills have resumed operations.—The mind of M. Herz, the Panama canal intriguer, is failing.—English miners refused to agree to proposals to settle the strike.—President Cleveland is working on his annual message at Woolley.—The rolling mills of the Illinois Steel company at Joliet are to start up Nov. 20.

Germany is to raise increased revenue from tobacco and bourse transactions.—German officers involved in the Hanover gambling scandal will probably escape with reprimands.—Speaker Crisp says that he thinks repeat will aid business, and further, that its passage will not hurt the Democracy.—Engineer Henry B. Goodwin is to be tried soon for manslaughter in causing the Cambridge (Mass.) railroad accident.—Charles F. Wilder of Wellesley, Mass., secured a verdict of \$675 for legal damages against the Boston and Albany railroad.—The will of Elizabeth Shute leaves \$100,000 to the Lynn (Mass.) library and \$3,000 to the Lynn hospital and other institutions.—By a asphyxia explosion at the works of the Brooklyn Gas company at Brighton, Mass., William Anderson was badly injured.—Mrs. Arthur Young, who was arrested in Toledo for stenius, turns out to be the notorious "Mother Hubbard"!—General Samuel J. Bridge died at Boston.—The Dineyene manufacturers refused to enter regarding the strike with any persons but former employees.—Funds have been restored to the Mormon church by a joint resolution of Congress.—The famous thoroughbred stallion Longfellow is dead.—The Democratic majority of the Chicago city council surrendered and permitted the election of Swift as mayor pro tem.—Eight weeks will probably pass with and will not be tried.—Insurgent Mexican agents are trying to purchase towboats in New York for the supposed purpose of making the steamer El Cid.—Philadelphia welcomed the Liberty bell back from Chicago.—Sixty-three Archbishops were arrested in Milan.—Emperor

William issued the expected edict against gambling in the German army.—The King of Ashante was stoned to death in the streets of his capital.—The military was called out to quell a riot of the unemployed at Antwerp.—A dinner and employed were given to United States Ambassador Bayard at Liverpool.

Wednesday, Nov. 8.

The Republicans of Massachusetts won a sweeping victory. The returns are not

sufficiently full to accurately state just what Mr. Greenhough's plurality will be, but it is improbable that it will fall below 25,000. The Republicans claim that it will reach 30,000. The victory was the most complete that has been won in Massachusetts for half a generation in an "open" year. The returns show Republican gains all over the state. There are but few cities and towns in the commonwealth in which the Republicans have not made gains. Maynard was rejected in 1860, and was rejected to the tune of about 100,000. The complexion of the legislature is uncertain. McKinley has a plurality of at least 50,000 in Ohio. Boles was defeated in 1860 in Iowa. Heavy gains are shown in the Republican vote of Pennsylvania, Virginia, Kentucky and Maryland were the only states, in fact, where the Democrats stood any show. The North Pacific sealing catch amounts to 15,000 skins.—A conspiracy to rob the United States mails at Robert E. Lee, Tex., was unearthed.—Hon. James M. Shute, at one time member of the governor's council, died at Boston.—The steamer Costa Rica, flying the American flag, was fired upon in Iquique, Honduras.—Two men were killed and two fatally injured by a boiler explosion at Sand Mountain, Ala.—It is now said that the dead, missing and injured in the Sand Mountain disaster number 100.—France and England informed the United States that they will not interfere in Brazil's quarrel.—A former notary from the Flower City Bank, Rochester, was captured at Cananéia.—The financial depression will probably result in reduced help and diminished traffic service on the Consolidated road.—Orlo Van Volkinghoven and Harry Hoyt, confined at Deer Island (Boston) for pickling pocket, walked past the guards and escaped.—English wine owners' proposals were rejected by the miners, and resolution adopted that all miners should at once quit work.—The treasury department decided that James Ingallinan, detained at Boston as a contract laborer, must be returned to Newfoundland.—The fall of standing at Faneuil Hall caused the death of one painter, Charles Dickinson, and the injury of two others, William Donovan and Robert Caputo.—There is doubt about the reappointment of Judge Hornblower as associate justice.

Thursday, Nov. 9.

Francis Parkman, the eminent historian, died at his home at Jamaica Plain (Boston), aged 70.—A mother and daughter fell dead shortly after drinking bottled porter at South Boston.—Mrs. Mary Anna Henderson of Boston was held in \$10,000 and Miss Sarah E. Butler in \$500 for the grand jury for the death of the daughter of Mrs. Butler.—A man giving the name of John Burges was arrested by Boston police for attempting to obtain goods by false pretenses.—Antonio Paladino tried unsuccessfully to shoot Andra Asile at Boston.—There is a buoyant sentiment in the boat and shoe trade.—The sophomores won the class football championship of Harvard.—Dempster L. Murray is mysteriously missing from Somerville, Mass.—George Godfrey and Steve O'Donnell fought six rounds to a draw at Providence.—Boxer Peter McCoy was drowned.—A bronze statue of Columbus was unveiled at Providence.—Injunction was served on union shipworkers at Auburn, Me.—Five persons were killed and 32 injured in a railroad collision in Chicago.—Three Princeton men were disciplined for "loafing."—Ex-Secretary Jerry Rush is seriously ill at his home in Viroqua, Wis.—Sister Frances Gennals, Italian minister of public works, is dead.—The famous Jesuit college in Mosa was burned.—Walters (Mass.) aldermen appropriated \$3500 for a hospital.—A rupture between Peru and Ecuador is said to be imminent over the boundary question.—A dynamite bomb was exploded in a Barcelona (Spain) opera house.—Twenty-five persons were killed.—James Bernard, a supposed newspaper man, was murdered on an oyster boat near Wilmington, Del.—The commissioners appointed by the supreme court to assess the valuation of the Bay State Gas company's plant find that the value of the plant, exclusive of all franchises, is \$2,000,000.

Friday, Nov. 10.

There is a diphtheria epidemic in Lynn, Mass.—The factory of the J. W. Pratt (Conn.) Crucible company was burned.—By an explosion of naphtha in a Springfield (Mass.) factory four people were badly burned.—It is reported that a revolution has broken out in Cuba.—Admiral Mello is said to be worrying the Brazil navy troops.—William P. Wentworth, ex-bookkeeper of the Victoria hotel, New York, was twice indicted for forgery.—The treasury not having been dropped below \$100,000,000.—As a result of a conference of archbishops Catholic will be permitted to enter any secret society but the Free Masons.—Brigadier General Grubb offered a cup valued at \$1000 to the winner of another Princeton-Pennsylvania football game.—Johnson broke the two-thirds and mile standing start records, with a cycle, coming out two seconds ahead of Tyler.—Lord Mayor's day was celebrated in London.—Italian customs duties must be paid in gold.—The "Fiverton" (R. I.) torpedo station is to be closed for the winter.—Natives of India are said to be restricted under the yoke of British rule.—The New York Times says the crisis in New York is "unstable"—In a freight wreck near Lawrenceburg, Ky., one person was killed and one fatally injured.—A government signal service station is to be established at the Isles of Shoals.—Dr. Herman A. Hagen, professor of entomology at Howard, is dead.—The people of Honduras regret the firing upon the American ship at Ampala.—A fast express went over a black embankment at Hutto, Tex., but no one was killed.—The Hutto trade improved, like Superior iron mines have started up, and there are prospects of Ohio steel mills resuming work.—A bank driven by Patrick McNamee was demolished in a runaway at Lynn, Mass., and the driver, perhaps, fatally injured.

Boston officers left for Chicago to care Antonio Sacco, the Italian murderer, who is wanted for the killing of James Sacco last May.—Suit has been brought against Mrs. Charlotte E. Baker, the sister-in-law of Moody Merrill, by his widow in possession of seven thousand dollars in his life.—The greatest沉没 of the Olympic club of New Orleans, after a lengthy discussion, decided to reject the articles sent her by Corcoran and Marshall.

Its tenth Anniversary.

MIDDLEBURY, Conn., Nov. 6.—The 25th anniversary of the First Congregational church of this city, one of the oldest in Connecticut, was celebrated yesterday. There was a large attendance at all of the services of the day, many former pastors and members from all parts of the country being present.

Its first Anniversary.

SOMERVILLE, Mass., Nov. 7.—The life of Jeremiah O'Leary, Jr., aged 20, was crushed out last evening. He was run over by a political car, driven by Timothy McCarthy, who is employed by John F. Lyman. No blame is attached to the driver.

Its first Anniversary.

Smart Weed and Belladonna, combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plaster, make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plaster, the best in the market. Price 25 cents.

Wednesday, Nov. 8.

The Republicans of Massachusetts won a sweeping victory. The returns are not

SUPREME COURT COMMON PLEASE DIVISION.

NEW Advertisements.

New Advertisements.

Miscellaneous.

LOOK

AT OUR

BARGAINS.

## Parlor Stoves

—AND—

## RANGES.

A fine assortment from the

## Leading Foundries

WE GIVE A

PATTERN

## OIL CLOTH

With Every Stove

WATCH OUR

## BARGAIN WINDOW.

New Bargains

Every Week.

## A. C. Titus &amp; Co.

## Poultry Food

—AND—

## SUPPLIES.

Now is the time to care for the fowls.

I have in stock Haven's Condition Powders; these large packets for \$1 only, due for the horse and all farm stock.

Sheridan's Condition Powder, Oyster Shells, Beef Scraps, and the latest and best thing, Cut Clover, put up in 50 lb. sacks, it is cheap and just what you want.

If you will place an order on or before Wednesday I can supply you Saturday with raw Ground Bone, the best of all egg producers. Try it and you will use it always.

FOR THE HORSE.

An elegant line of Clothing, Blankets and Robes of all kinds. A new Sur-  
cingle for \$35, that beats them all.Feed your dogs with Spratt's Dog Biscuit, they will keep in perfect condition with half the amount of food and be free from disease and disorder. Spratt's Dog Soap removes all fleas and smooths the coat. Spratt's medi-  
cines cure all diseases.

If you buy a Columbian or Perfection Oil Stove, you will have the best one in the market. I am selling lots of them and why because they give perfect satisfaction; because I put them out on trial, and because they do not smell or smoke.

Store, put on with a wool mitt, sold by all grocers and housefurnishing dealers, wholesale by me only.

Lanterns, Globes, Oil, Oil Cans, Brooms, Brushes, Wooden and Tin Ware, Hard-  
ware and Paints.

Don't, don't get left on Bulbs, the weather will fool you; it is time now to plant them. A full line and low prices to be found at

Geo. A. Weaver's.

Look out for Xmas goods, a fine line to arrive in season, at prices to suit the times. Call early for the '94 Seed Catalogue and don't be alarmed about the Peas and other crops, there are plenty of them. I have bought long ago and prices will be low.

19, 21 &amp; 23

BROADWAY.

CLOTHING!

A very large line of

Men's Clothing,

Youths' Clothing,

Boys' Clothing,

ALL READY.

Received a full line of

MEN'S

latest styles of

HATS.

Fine Cloaks and Furs.

LADIES' JACKETS in Brown, Navy and Black, in Reverses, Tight Fitting and Skirted Coats trimmed with fur and braid, from \$10 to \$50. The qualities at \$15, \$20 and \$25 are worthy of special mention.

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS

we show in great variety and at reasonable prices for fine garments.

ALASKA SEAL Capes and Jackets of the latest fashion. We guarantee the wear and warrant them in every particular.

FUR CAPES, NECK SCARFS and MUFFS in Mink, Martin, Monkey, China Seal, French Coney and Astrakan Furs, all of the finest quality and at reasonable prices.

LADIES' MACKINTOSHES in 10 styles of cloth, with silk lined cape, at \$10, warranted.

LADIES' SIGN

—OF THE—

Great White Bear.

IMPROVEMENTS TO

Houses and Grounds

of Newport Cottages, Illustrated.

Lights and Scenes on board the

GERMAN TRAINING SHIP,

ILLUSTRATED.

HORSES

AND

CARRIAGES

For Sale.

I have on hand

30 Horses and 100

Carriages

That must be sold and cannot be had in Newport.

30 New Carriages at Cost

New Road Carts \$18]

Open Wagons New \$35

New Box Buggy \$65

(Other Carriages in Proportion.)

I have no use for them and will

WILL SELL OR EXCHANGE

FOR HAY.

LAWTON'S

Touro Street

CLARKE'S,

Free Library Building.

WORLD'S FAIR

Accident Insurance.

\$3,000.00 at death or loss of both

feet or both hands.

\$1,500.00 for loss of one hand or

one foot.

\$15.00 per week for 26 weeks for

loss of time caused by accident.

## A Modern Ghost Story.

Outdoors it is owing to the American fashion of building wooden dwellings that so few of the old homesteads remain and their ancestral acres in this country. Still, now and again, we find some old houses, well-preserved against moisture, encroaching walls, standing in colonial dignity amid the lofty trees and old-fashioned gardens, houses which have descended from father to son for many successive generations, and which holds all the secrets of the family within its venerable walls. No wonder that such a dwelling almost becomes imbued with vitality of its own, and that the lives of a son and daughters seem to have actually left some mysterious influence incorporated into the very walls and rafters of the ancient building like the bygone sunshine and the sweet air that they say is imprisoned in the case of an old greenman. One of these old places has recently failed to the inheritance of Mr. and Mrs. Van Amsterdam, a gay young couple who not long ago assembled a brilliant house party within its venerable walls—a party of merry young iconoclasts who, with the laughing repudiation of their age, scoffed at ghost stories and ancient superstitions. But was it the mist, or did some of the party actually see by the lake in the moonlight the white figure of a woman which floated away as they gazed? No one could tell; several people fancied that they saw it. If it were the sitting mist it was wonderfully like a human figure; but then, if it were a figure, it was also extremely like the wreaths of white fog which at this season often lie on the shore in soft white clouds at night. But when the old housekeeper told the following tale, the youngest and most romantic damsels professed to believe that the place had its ghost, and that some had actually seen it. The old mansion had been built just before the Revolution by one of the Van Amsterdams, who became one of the most zealous adherents of the new cause, and hated the British with true Dutch pertinacity. So when the daughter of the house, his pretty Gertrude, fell in love with and wished to marry a young English officer, he strenuously forbade the match. After trying persuasion and entreaty in vain, the maiden, who harbored not a little of her father's obstinacy, took to her bed and tried dying as a last resource; whereupon the old man relented, the lovesick girl recovered, and everything was arranged for the wedding which was to be celebrated on the return of the bridegroom-elect from England—whither he had gone to obtain the consent of his parents, and to arrange for a long leave of absence. On the homeward journey, however, a terrible gale wrecked the vessel, and all on board were reported as lost. For several months the young officer was mourned as dead, when to his brother's unutterable joy, he suddenly reappeared. He had been picked up by a vessel, which, in its turn, was wrecked, had suffered incredible hardships, and by the strangest coincidence, arrived in America again, only a few days before the date fixed for the marriage.

Once more all was mirth and jollity, and the preparations for the wedding were pushed forward as rapidly as possible, it being the chief wish of both that the outfit should take place on the date originally fixed upon. But a relentless fate seemed to pursue the lovers. On the day before that set for the wedding the young man disappeared, and was never heard of again. An upturned boat on the lake suggested that he had been accidentally drowned, but the body was never found, and the affair remained a mystery. As for his sweetheart, she went mad, and it is her figure that is said by romantic enthusiasts to haunt the old homestead, standing on moonlight nights peering out over the water as if seeking her lost lover. "You have no idea," continued the pretty girl who was relating the story, "what an eerie feeling it gave us after we had heard the tale, to stand in the moonlight by the lake and to see the waving wreaths of fog that looked so much like a human figure! I never saw mist that looked like that before, and I really would like to believe that I have seen a veritable ghost!"—[N. Y. Tribune.]

## True Love in Greenland.

Since the Danish missionaries have gained the confidence of the natives of Greenland, marriages in the far North are celebrated by the representatives of the Church. In a recent issue of one of the Danish papers, one of the missionaries gives the following account of the way courtship and marriage are brought about:

The man calls on the missionary and says: "I wish to take unto myself a wife."

"Whom?" asks the missionary.

The man gives her name.

"Have you spoken with her?"

As a rule, the answer is in the negative, and the missionary asks the reason.

"Because," comes the reply, "it is so difficult. You must speak to her."

The missionary then calls the young woman to him, and says: "I think it is time that you marry."

"But," she replies, "I do not wish to marry."

"That is a pity," adds the missionary.

"As I have a husband for you."

"Who is he?" asks the maiden.

The missionary names the candidate for her love.

"But he is not worth anything. I will not have him."

"However," suggests the missionary, "he is a good fellow, and attends well to his house. He throws a good harpoon, and he loves you."

The Greenland maiden listens attentively, but again declares that she will not accept the man as her husband.

"Very well," goes on the missionary, "I do not wish to force you. I shall easily find another wife for so good a fellow."

The missionary then remains silent, as though he regarded the incident as closed. But in a minute she whispers: "But if you wish it!"

"No," answers the pastor, "only if you wish it. I do not wish to overtake you."

Another sigh follows, and the pastor expresses the regret that she cannot accept the man.

"Pastor," she then breaks out, "I fear he is not worthy."

"But did he not kill two whales last summer, while the others killed none?"

"Will you not take him now?"

"Yes, yes, I will."

"God bless you both," answers the pastor, and he joins the two in marriage.

"Life is full of ups and downs," said the man who is airy and affable under all circumstances. "So I have heard."

"Well, I am at present in the full enjoyment of one of the ups." "I congratulate you!" "Don't. It's a case of 'hard up'."

"Barker has a scheme for the removal of the World's Fair buildings, which I should think the commissioners would accept." "What's the scheme?" "Let the relic hunters locate for a week. They'd have them carved to pieces in no time."

## Vintage Time in France.

The vintage in the champagne country began late in August this year, and never before in the history of man has it begun so early.

Generally they do not begin gathering grapes out there until the last week of September or the first in October, and the extraordinary precocity of this year's vines has, as a consequence, the upsetting of certain facts held in Ay and Epernay, as it is their custom to provide the baskets, vats and other objects for the annual vintage.

These things would be on sale this year after the crop had been gathered, and would therefore serve for 1894 only, as the vines will have to be put off for want of customers. However that may be, the vintage could no longer be retarded, as the leaves were beginning to fall, and when grapes are uncovered they cease to ripen, and dry up.

A few figures will give you an idea of the importance of the champagne vintage. According to official documents the vineyards of that province occupy more than 45,000 acres valued at \$25,000,000, and last year more than 25,000,000 bottles of champagne were sold. France consumes about one-sixth of this quantity, the most "12" being drunk in England and the United States, and after them comes Russia.

The grape gatherers come from near and afar, and among them are found many Belgians and Luxembourgers. Men and women who receive three and four francs a day for work which is not very fatiguing, and besides they have their board, while grapes are their disposal, until they have "no more third" for them.

Because of tradition, a Marolle's chalice is given to each person every day at lunch, which men is served in the open air, but in the evening, when they are given soup and a piece of meat they are served either in the boudoir, at the farm house, or some covered shed, and all sit down to table. The day's wages are discussed in the morning, at early dawn, between the proprietor and the workmen, a sort of little exchange being held, the opening of which is announced, according to ancient custom, by the ringing of a church bell, and the price varies daily, according to the offer and demand fida.

A picturesque spectacle is afforded the last day of the vintage. All those who have worked on the vines of a single proprietor repair in a group to his house, with a young man or girl at their head, holding a vine-stock covered with the beautiful grapes, and these are presented to the proprietor, who then gives them some money with which to drink his health. The daughter of the house, if there be one, pours out a bumper for each grape gatherer, and rendezvous is given for the next year. If it is your intention ever to go and see the vintage in the champagne country, let me say, "Hurry home, give me a word of warning: 'Look out for sweet wine!'" That kind is the liquor which comes out of the press, and is of excellent taste, but it is a traitor.

You can, however, eat as many grapes as you wish, and though they may not seem very appetizing, with their stoned little grains, you need not fear to bite a bunch of them as you would a pear.

The ten or fifteen seed that are crushed by your teeth will soon give you a juicy, sweet and delicious as the best chasselas of Fontainebleau. This year you can eat to your heart's content, for the "oldest inhabitants" of Reims, Epernay, Ay, Sillery, Bouzy and other places celebrated for their crops, do not recall a year an surpassing, both as regards quantity and quality of the grapes.

They Care for Their Eyes.

Society women are the only class of weak-eyed people who take proper care of their faces. They save their eyes if they are too vain to wear glasses, they don't try to read under trying circumstances. In public places the fashionable make little use of opera glasses and no use of libretto, programmes, catalogues and prayer-books, says the London "Telegraph." You will never catch the society beauty burning holes in her eyes to study a stage artist. It frequently happens, too, that she will return from an opera or a play and not know the name of any one in the cast but the star. Women of this class who save themselves are never without fans or parasols.

These protections are carried sum-mer and winter, in and out of doors, and raised whenever there is a trying light to face. Parasollettes are made to order. Those for interiors—theatre, art galleries and concert halls—are not much larger than a tea plate. Carriage parasollettes are about two inches in diameter. Then there are hand screens made of bolting cloth, sewing silk, gauze, etc., mounted on ivory wood and kept on library, toilet and centre tables to shield the eyes from gas or fire light. But the staple article is a fan, and women who know its real value, aside from the decorative, eat, sleep, read and live with it in hand. It is this sort of protection for the eyes that retards the accumulation of wrinkles and preserves the sight. The early adoption and continuous use of broad brimmed hats for weak-eyed girls is a timely preventive of untimely crow's feet and wrinkles.

We recommend Carter's Iron Fills to every woman who is weak, nervous and discouraged, particularly those who have thin, pale, cold hands and feet, and who are without strength or ambition. These are the cases for which Carter's Iron Fills are specially prepared, and this gives a marked physical benefit. Valuable for men also, in metal boxes, at 20 cents. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. See advertisements elsewhere.

It has done me good to be somewhat pained by the heat and drenched by the rain of life.

"Nothing succeeds like success," and nothing will more quickly insure success than true merit. For fifty years, Ayer's Sarsaparilla has maintained its popularity as the superior biphasic remedy. It stands upon its own merits and never fails to give satisfaction.

Influence is the exhalation of character.

If you desire a luxuriant glow of healthy hair of a natural color, nature's crowning ornament of both sexes, use only Hall's Vegetable Sarsaparilla Remedy.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

## Household Fancy Work.

## NEW ART NEEDLEWORK.

Among charming exhibits now on view may be noted a large, square table, covered with eau silk-faced Terry cloth, showing a raised design of broad interlacing bands thrown up in rope silk, and having an ornamental border marked in gold-colored rope silk. In the middle of each side of this golden border is massed with rope silk a group of single, curling-petaled yellow chrysanthemums with their serrated foliage expressed in soft sage-green rope silk. Trim edge of spread with lace. A spread of soft sage-green Terry cloth was also pleasing, with its band of tapestry work in ivory-white rope silk, showing as a background for a continuous border of late pale pink, lavender and purple. It also shows, long leaves worked in shades of sage and olive green. Tassels at all round finished this cover.

Some fine linen five o'clock tea cloths are handsomely adorned by groups of large flowers, as a mass of wavy lilles applied in cream white, silk valued, outlined and partly sealed with white Roman lace. A wide hemstitched border finishes these spreads. A centre cloth is of fine lilla silk, cream white, edged with white silk tassels and decorated with white silk tassels and decorated with a border of tropical grasses in light sage and old gold silk lace.

A sofa cushion seen was of rich red, red or orange silk plush, and showed the top in light fawn silk; on this was embroidered a group of pale yellow and tawny deep chrysanthemums in Roman lace, sprouting from the lower left corner and spreading over the upper right hand; the fawn silk was couched by heavy double strands of orange silk lace.

A pretty set of doilies is made of white linen, embroidered in silk lace, with rather formal old-fashioned looking wreaths of tiny flowers in subdued coloring, the space in the centre being filled in with a kind of lattice pattern worked in chain stitch with white Roman or silk lace. In another set each doily has a border of drawn-thread work, within which natural sprays of flowers are worked, a different blossom for each mat.

For a charming sachet, use two small, square, hemstitched doilies. On each doily, embroider some pretty design with silk lace. Inside the hemstitching between the two doilies, have scented cotton wool. Lace the doilies together, through the hemstitching, with baby ribbon and lace. In pretty bows at each corner.

## Recipes for the Table.

CAKE HEAT'S STEW.—Have the head split open and thoroughly cleaned. Put it in a saucepan with water, and boil till quite tender. Cut into pieces, put it back in a pan with six large onions, half a pint of claret, a little ketchup, mace, pepper and salt. Cover close and stew until tender; strain the gravy, and thicken it with the yolks of six eggs, hard boiled, and mixed with a little of the gravy. Garnish with foremeat balls, egg balls and slices of lemon.

FORCEMEAT.—Take equal quantities of veal, salt pork and bread crumbs. Chop the veal and pork fine, and add the bread crumbs, salt, pepper and a little nutmeg, and grated lemon peel, and sweet herbs to taste. Mix all together with an egg. Make into balls; fry in boiling hot fat and drain.

LYONNAISE POTATOES.—The remains of cold boiled potatoes may be used thus: Put three ounces of butter in a frying pan, add a tablespoonful of chopped onion, and fry rather white, add the potatoes cut in thin, small slices, and fry till a nice yellow color. Stir carefully with a fork, add a tablespoonful of chopped parsley, salt, pepper and the juice of one lemon. Mix it well together with an egg. Make into balls; fry in butter fat two hours or more. Strain the soup, and when cold remove the fat. Place the soup on the fire and add a pint of barley which has been washed and soaked in water for at least three hours. There should be a pint of barley after it is soaked. This is the right proportion for two quarts of soup.

WALNUT MACAROONS.—One cup of walnut meats chopped fine, one cup of sugar, a little salt, one egg, three tablespoonsful of flour. Cook on a buttered tin sheet in a slow oven. These make delicious little cakes for an afternoon tea.

RYE WHITES.—Six eggs well beaten, two cups of milk, six tablespoonsful of rye meal, two tablespoonsfuls of wheat flour, half a teaspoonful of soda, and a pinch of salt. Bake in buttered muffin tins for twenty minutes in a quick oven. Serve on a hot platter and pour over them a sauce made as follows: Beat the whites of the six eggs to a stiff froth, gradually beat in a cupful of powdered sugar and the juice of one large, or two small, lemons.

RYE GENS.—One pint of sour milk, one teaspoonful of soda, one cup of flour, one egg, three tablespoonsfuls of rye meal, two tablespoonsfuls of molasses, mixed to a stiff batter with two-thirds of rye and one-third of Indian meal. Bake in a quick oven in hot buttered muffin tins. The quantities given make one dozen.—Mary Mason.

## The Installment Plan.

"Darling, I say my heart and life at your feet."

"Oh, George!"

"I love you sincerely, devotedly, ardently, passionately—I love you more than I can tell. Be mine."

"George, I will."

"And you will engage yourself to me?"

"I will."

"Bless you, my darling. I am the happiest man in America tonight."

There was a long, delicious pause while the compact was being sealed.

Then the maiden whispered:

"Am I to have an engagement ring, dearest?"

George's face grew pale, his lip quivered as he replied:

"By and by darling, I cannot give you one for awhile."

"You cannot? Why?"

The pallor of his face was succeeded by a deep flush, his brow grew dark and his bosom heaved as he hoarsely answered:

"I'm just from the Fair, and I'm broke."

"God bless you both," answers the pastor, and he joins the two in marriage.

"I'm afraid that bed is not long enough for you," said the landlord to a six foot guest. "Never mind," he replied, "I'll add two more feet to it when I get it."

"There is one thing to be thankful for about this Senate," said a man who does his best to be a philosopher. "In the name of goodness, what is it

## Business Cards.

M. A. McCormick,  
Carpenter and Builder.

All kinds of jobbing promptly  
attended to. Estimates cheer-  
fully given.

RESIDENCE—31 DEARBORN STREET,  
NEW—KINSLY'S WHARF.

JOHN S. LANGLEY.

DEALER IN

FURNITURE  
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. ALSO

Furnishing Undertaker.

CASKETS, COFFINS, ROBES, &c.,

FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE.

16 Franklin St., Newport, R. I.

Residence, No. 1 School St.

Alex. N. Barker,

DEALER IN

Lumber & HardWare

BRICK, LIME, CEMENT, ETC.

205 THAMES ST.

—AND—

LOPEZ WHARF,

NEWPORT, R. I.

## Removal.

## LAW OFFICES

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PECKHAM & TYLER,

ROOMS 1235 Trinity Building, 111 Broad-

way, New York City.

(Near Wall Street.)

Telephone Call, "3,925 Courtlandt."

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

Overdressed for His Part.

A justice of the peace, who exercised the functions of that office in a portion of the state where such officials are permitted great latitude, had before him a suspicious character arraigned upon a charge of vagrancy.

The prisoner, who was quite well dressed, received the services of a lawyer in court to defend him. This man pleaded not guilty, and the lawyer, in concluding his remarks said:

"What's your honor, that man a vagrant? O, no, I insist upon his discharge. Why, see the good clothes he is wearing."

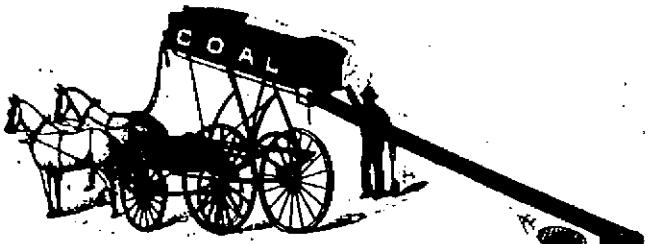
"Yes, I see them," replied the justice.

"and in consequence of their excellent condition I shall discharge him in the charge of vagrancy and bind him over for simple larceny."—New York Herald.

We have an excellent assortment of the best quality of

## FAMILY COAL,

and this is the way we deliver it:



We have also EICKORY, OAK, SOUTHERN and EASTERN PINE WOOD prepared as desired.

**Pinniger & Manchester**  
FERRY MILL WHARF,  
341 THAMES STREET.

### TIVERTON.

At the usual monthly meeting of the Town Council and Court of Probate the business transactions were: Egash W. Wetherell and Cora E. his wife, appointed administrators on the estate of Stephen F. Grinnell, Bound \$1200; Trustees, Daniel T. Chuch, Joseph D. Estes and Isaac Brown.

George A. Brown, Rep., and Silas Borden, Dem., were appointed supervisors at the town meeting to be held Nov. 29th.

Edgar J. Durfee was drawn as grand jurymen and James Sharples, petit, to the U. S. Circuit Court, Providence, to be held November 13th.

The petition of Lawyers Swift and Jennings, representatives of the Fall River Globe Electric Railway Company for location of tracks to Stone Bridge, granted.

In response to an invitation from Rev. J. W. and Mrs. Porter, about thirty of their friends met at the parsonage, Thursday evening, 23 inst. The time was passed in a very enjoyable manner. Refreshments were served during the evening.

Mr. E. P. Stimson has removed to his new home, the former residence of George S. Church. Previous to their removal from their cottage by the sea, about forty of Mr. and Mrs. Stimson's friends gave them a surprise party which was much appreciated by the doctor and his wife.

The funeral of Gladys, only child of Allerton and Addie Durfee, was solemnized Saturday, 4th inst., from the residence of Mr. Charles Durfee, Tiverton Heights, the Rev. L. W. Porter conducting the services. The interment took place at Hillside cemetery. George C. Manchester, Jr., Thomas Durfee, John Schneider and Willis Rose were the pall bearers.

Highway Improvements.—Neither of the three sections of highway laid out by the Town Council for improvement, has as yet been completed. The foundation course has been laid and a layer of crushed stone has been applied to all three sections.

Mr. William Thurston the contractor having charge of the betterment of the West Main Road on Bullock's Hill, has been engaged the past week in putting on the binding course and rolling this road. When completed there will be a continuous stone road from the Newport line to the two miles corner. The other section of the West Road south of Chase's Lane let to Mr. Corrigan has been all stoned within the last two weeks and is now about ready for the binding and rolling. The other job undertaken by Mr. Corrigan on Honeyman's Hill he expects to complete soon.

All three contracts stipulated that the whole work should be completed by the first of December. Travelers while inconvenienced somewhat during the progress of the work hope to be required in the end by a substantial betterment of the roads now being treated.

The death of Mrs. Harriet Freeborn chronicled last week was followed on Monday night by that of her sister, Mrs. Martha Chase, wife of Daniel Chase. Both of these sisters sustained a fortnight past, almost simultaneously. Mrs. Chase was nearly six years younger than Mrs. Freeborn, but had experienced much more sickness in her life time and passed many days of ill health, she had a twin sister, Mrs. Mary Meader, the wife of Daniel Meader who died at Mrs. Chase's home in 1878.

For fifty-nine years she had been helpmate and partner in life of her husband. Like her sister, Mrs. Freeborn, she had been born in the old school and found her chief delight and comfort in the faithful performance of her domestic duties and in the enjoyment of her quiet home life.

Ever solicitous for the welfare of her family she had been laboring to that end. Her funeral took place from her husband's residence on Thursday afternoon. The religious exercises were conducted by the Rev. William H. Allen, pastor of the Middletown Methodist Church assisted by members of the Church choir.

The officers of the Artillery Company had their pictures taken at Cooper's Studio yesterday afternoon.

**PORTSMOUTH.** Mrs. Dennis Murphy is having an addition to her buildings in the shape of a new carriage-house. Mr. Edward A. Coggeshall is building a crib 15x12 for Mr. Jonathan C. Gould.

John F. Chase, Dr. Benjamin Greene, Mrs. Israel H. Orrell and Miss May Lawrence were delegates from the Sunday school connected with Friends Church to the State Sunday School Convention in Providence this week. The Methodist Sunday school sent as delegates Rev. George H. Butler, Superintendent Silvanus P. Fish and Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Asbury, with Miss Katie B. Fish and Edwin F. Manchester as substitutes.

The following have been notified to appear at Newport on Monday next to act as petit jurors for the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court:

William D. G. Mait, William F. Brayton, Isaac Case, Albert A. Sisson, Europe Lodge, No. 22, A. F. & A. M. held a private installation of officers

## STATE ELECTIONS.

### Massachusetts Once Again In the Republican Column.

Complete Turn Over in New York. Both Sides Claim a Majority in the Legislature—News from Other States.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Massachusetts spoke in no uncertain voice, and John Frederic T. Greenhalge and the entire Republican state ticket were elected by enormous pluralities, and not only this, but the Republicans preponderance of seven to one in the executive council is maintained, and both branches of the general court are more strongly Republican than in the distinctly Republican legislature of 1883.

The Democratic gubernatorial plurality of over 14,000 in Boston last year is cut down to 10,000, and Republican gains are recorded in almost every city, town and village in the commonwealth. The Prohibition ballot appears to about the same as last year, rising 2000, and no very remarkable increase is shown in the Populist vote.

In Boston the bill providing for the election of aldermen at large is adopted by 26,518 to 19,733 in opposition, and the vote for rapid transit was unexpectedly large, the proposition receiving the endorsement of 23,800 suffrage girls, while the opposition vote was 27,102; figures which show, as Mayor Matthews explains, that although this particular measure was not acceptable to a majority of the people of Boston, there is convincing evidence of an aroused public sentiment which demands rapid transit of some kind.

The following table will prove of interest. The first shows the

#### Gubernatorial Vote by Cities.

	1880.	1892.
Boston	20,283	26,919
Brockton	3,011	3,663
Cambridge	4,281	5,291
Chelsea	2,802	1,661
Chicago	71	1,169
Easton	1,272	1,277
Fall River	4,934	4,613
Fitchburg	2,121	1,916
Gloucester	1,615	821
Haverhill	2,620	1,751
Lawrence	1,882	2,147
Lawson	3,123	3,677
Lynn	6,023	6,579
Malden	2,331	1,641
Marlboro	1,210	1,205
New Bedford	3,184	1,730
Newburyport	1,204	1,055
Newton	2,353	1,863
Northampton	1,101	1,035
Quincy	1,514	1,571
Salisbury	2,672	2,146
Salem	4,118	2,229
Somerville	2,674	2,405
Springfield	4,691	3,521
Taunton	2,515	1,719
Weymouth	1,621	1,270
Woburn	5,377	5,315
Worcester	8,239	7,452
<b>Totals.</b>	<b>100,404</b>	<b>101,147</b>

#### RECAPITULATION BY DISTRICTS.

	Greenhalge	Brown	Banks
Dist. 1.	11,265	89	1
2.	11,741	11,211	1
3.	11,383	11,261	1
4.	11,065	11,154	1
5.	13,931	12,831	253
6.	15,592	9,768	650
7.	17,173	13,431	765
8.	18,787	13,431	765
9.	8,582	10,066	329
10.	10,290	16,353	821
11.	16,741	12,847	715
12.	17,789	11,613	701
13.	10,430	8,173	1
<b>Totals.</b>	<b>180,044</b>	<b>151,257</b>	<b>7,999</b>

#### GRANGE'S PLURALITY.

Last year's Democratic plurality—2,574

#### SENATORS.

	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.
Suffolk	5	4
Middlesex	5	2
Essex	5	1
Norfolk	7	1
Plymouth	2	1
Bristol	3	1
<b>Totals.</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>17</b>

#### REPRESENTATIVES.

	Rep. Dem.	Rep. Dem.
Suffolk	20	19
Middlesex	21	19
Essex	20	19
Norfolk	7	6
Plymouth	4	4
Barnstable	4	4
<b>Totals.</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>153</b>

#### SENATE.

Rep. Dem.

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